

4ª Conferencia Internacional sobre Financiación para el Desarrollo

Sevilla, España | 30 de junio – 3 de julio de 2025

Participar

Acerca de



Desarrollo: Agenda Internacional



**Objetivos
(fines)**

**Cumbre del Milenio
ODM
2000 - 2015**



Post 2015, Rio + 20



**Cumbre Desarrollo
Sostneible
ODS
2015 - 2030**

Acuerdo
París
clima

**FfD
(Medios)**

**Monterrey
2002**

**Doha
2008**

**Addis Abeba
2015**

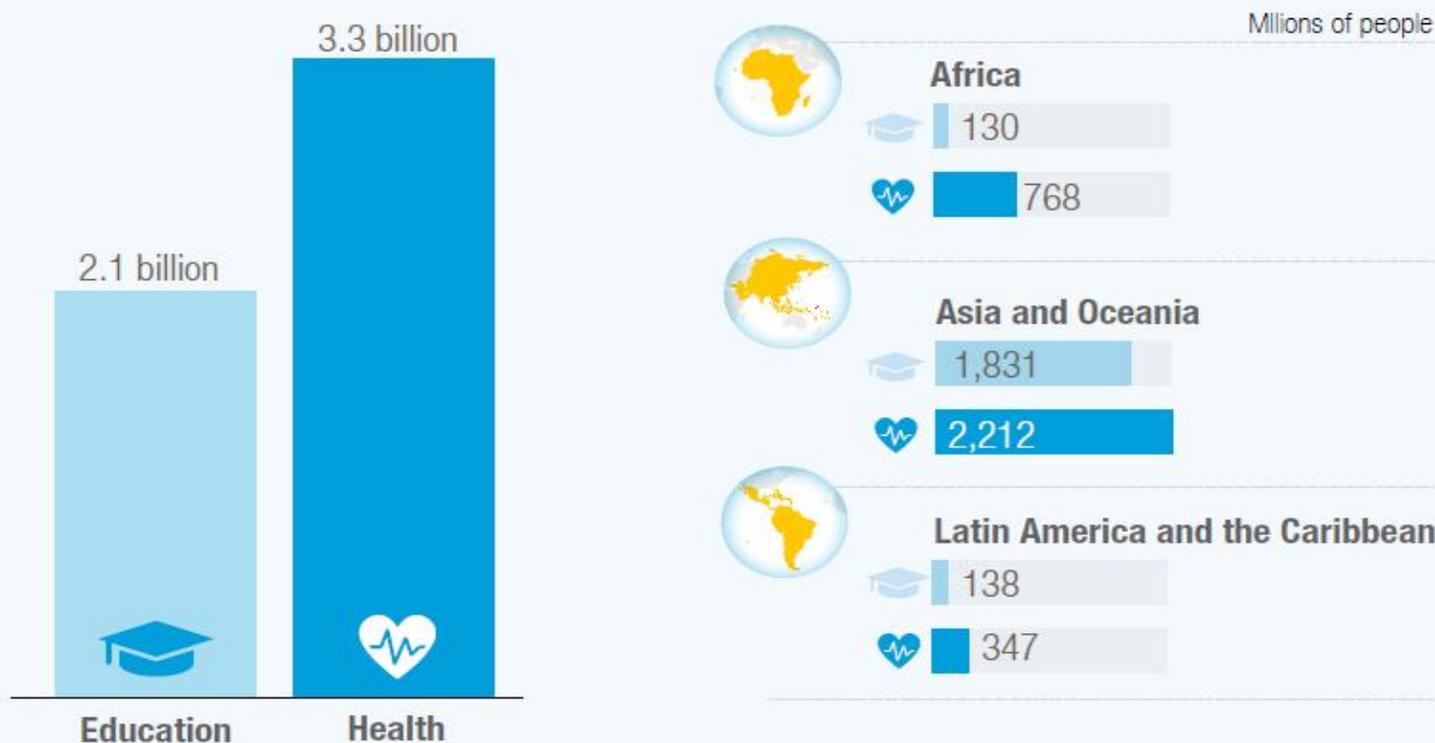
FfD4 Sevilla 2025



3.3 millones de personas

viven en países que gastan más en intereses de la deuda que en educación o salud

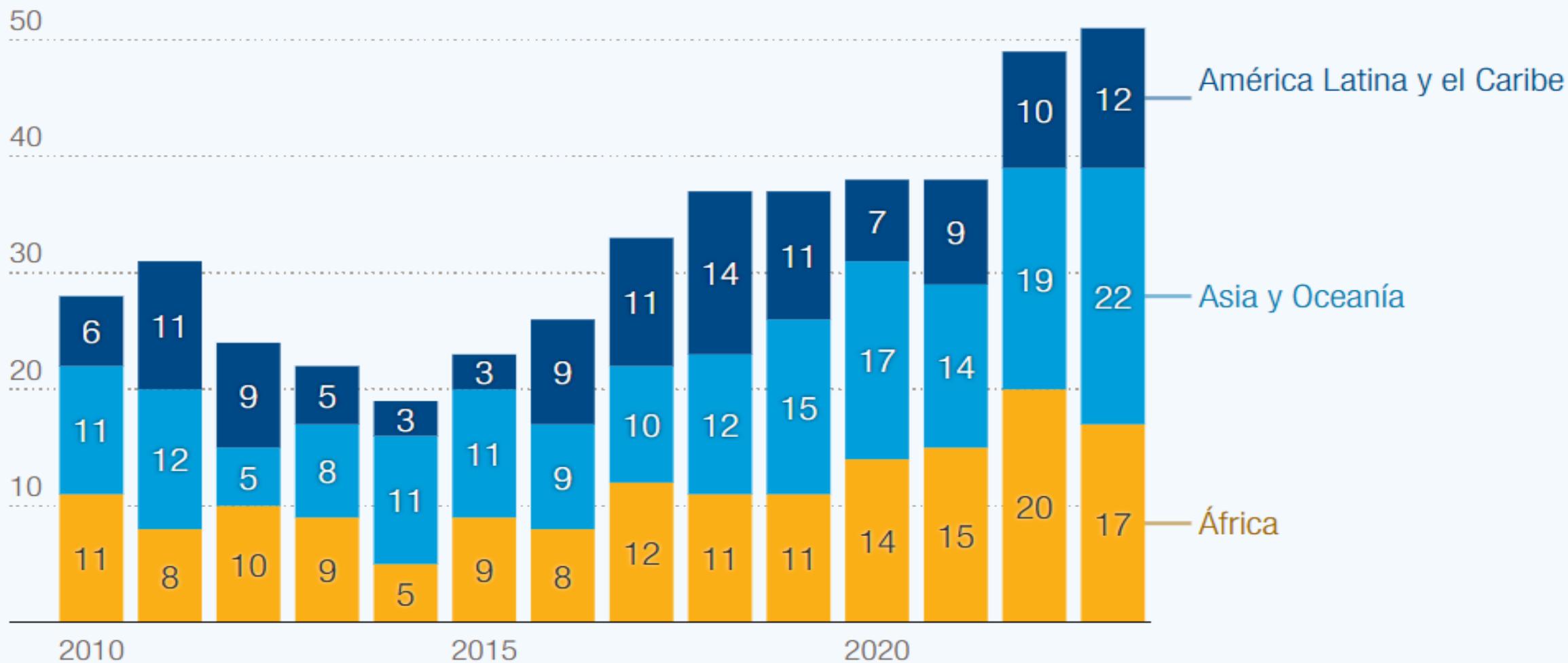
Población de los países en desarrollo donde el gasto en intereses supera al de educación o sanidad (2020-2022)



Source: UN GCRG - technical team calculations, based on IMF World Economic Outlook (April 2024) and World Bank World Development Indicators.

El número de países con salidas netas de deuda se duplicó en la última década.

Número de países en desarrollo con transferencias netas negativas de deuda pública externa

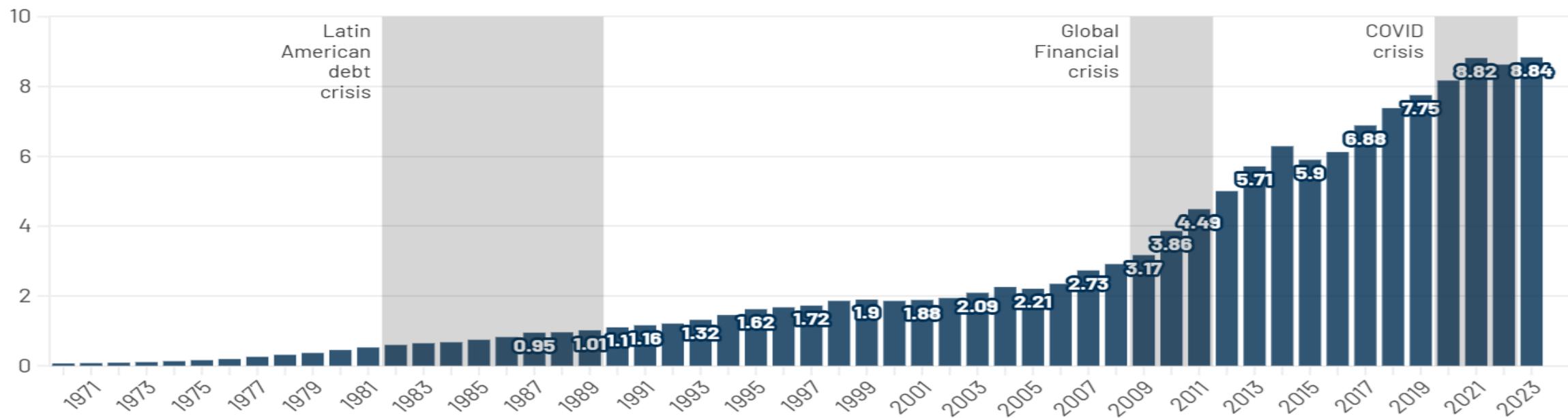




¿Deuda o Desarrollo?

External Debt Stock of Low- and Middle-Income Countries, 1970–2023

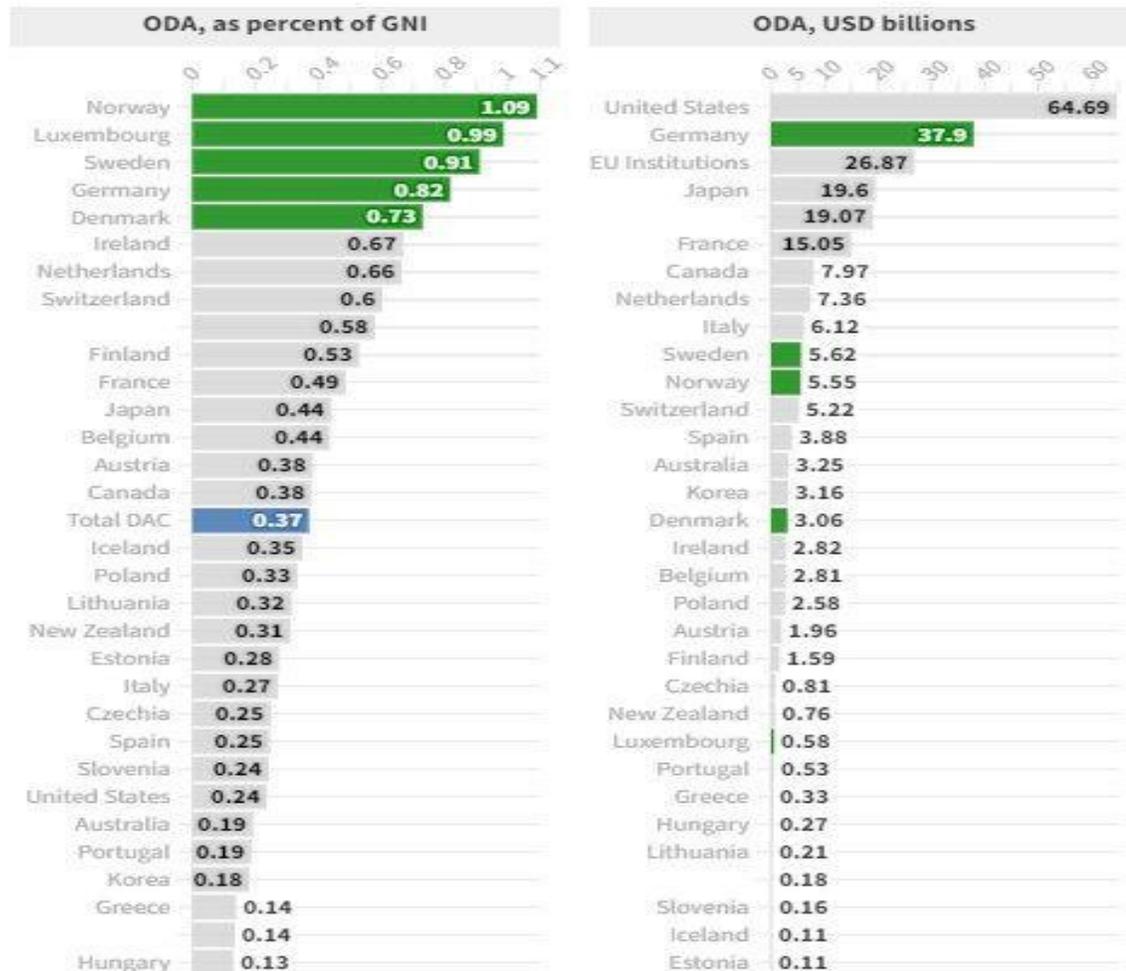
US\$ (trillion)



Source: [World Bank International Debt Statistics database](#)



ODA in 2023, by members of the Development Assistance Committee



- USA: 65.000 millones
- Germany: 39.000 millones
- EU institutions: 26.000 mill.
- Spain 2023: 3.800 millones (0,24)
- *Spain 2024: 4.200 mill (0,25)*

Sources: OECD (2024), Flows by donor (ODA+OOF+Private) [DAC1]
 Notes: Green bars represent providers that met or exceeded the UN target of 0.7% ODA/GNI in 2023. (Left-hand chart): ODA on a grant equivalent measure by DAC members as percent of GNI. (Right-hand chart): ODA on a grant equivalent measure by DAC members. Please note that not all DAC members have set a domestic target for ODA as a share of GNI.

A world of debt

REPORT 2025

It is time for reform.



detrás de todas estas cifras hay rostros, hay vidas humanas que no podrán disfrutar de una vida plena, digna tal y como como todo ser humano se merece.



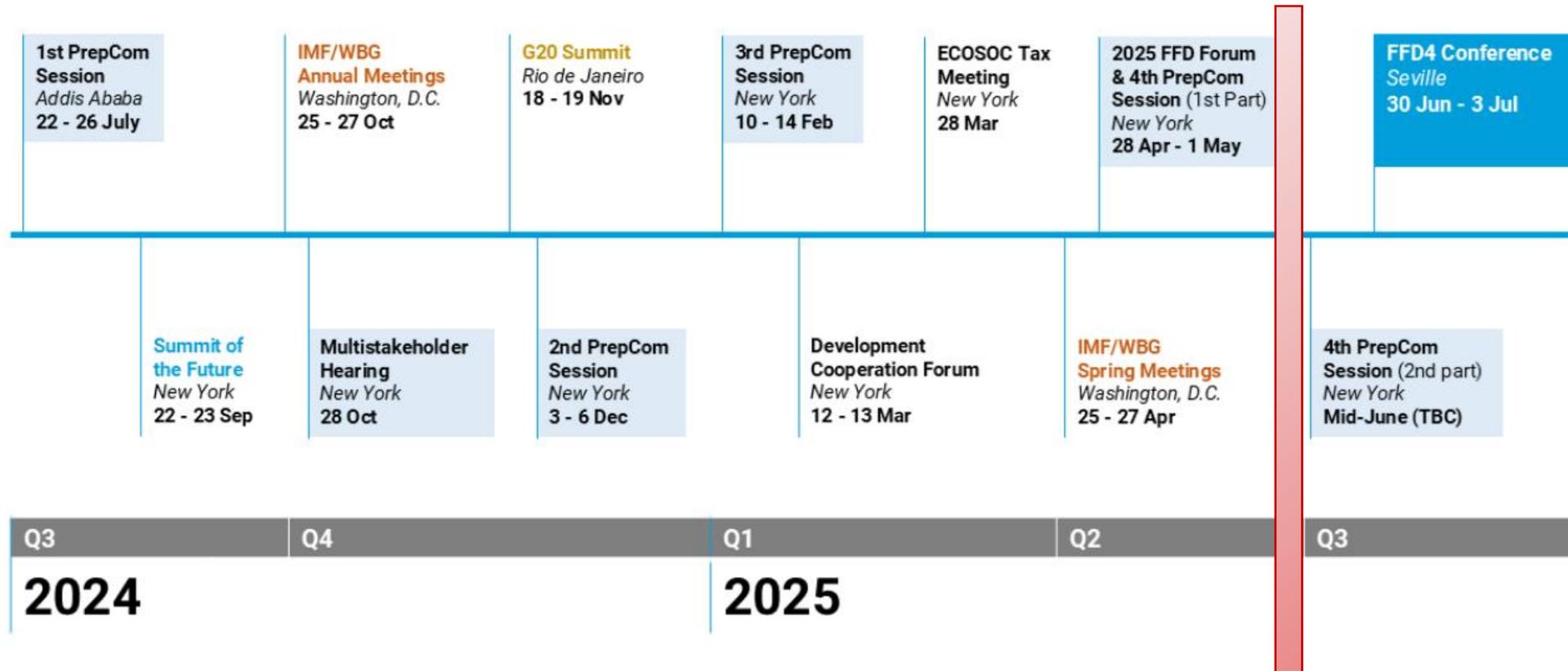


United Nations

4th International Conference on Financing for Development

30 June - 3 July, 2025

FFD4 Roadmap





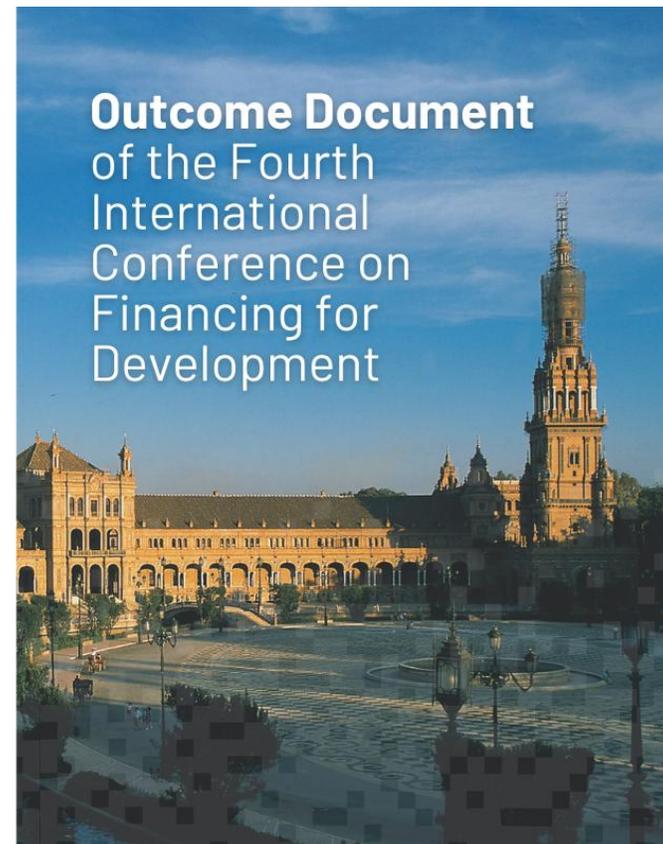
TEMAS PRINCIPALES



Outcome document of the Fourth International Conference on Financing for Development

I. A renewed global financing for development framework

1. We, the Heads of State and Government and High Representatives, have gathered in Sevilla, Spain from 30 June to 3 July 2025 to renew the global financing for development framework, building on the 2015 Addis Ababa Action Agenda. We also uphold and will advance all commitments in the 2002 Monterrey Consensus, the 2008 Doha Declaration, as well as the relevant commitments in the Pact for the Future. *-co-facilitators text*
2. We reaffirm our commitment to realize sustainable development, including effectively implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals and upholding all principles enshrined in it. We also reaffirm that poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, remains the greatest global challenge and its eradication is an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We commit to end poverty and hunger everywhere, leaving no one behind. *-co-facilitators text*
3. We further reaffirm that the pursuit and enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, encompassing civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, which includes the right to development, must be respected, protected and promoted, without distinction or discrimination of any kind. *-co-facilitators text*
4. We are meeting at a time of profound transformation, serious geopolitical tensions, conflicts, increasing macroeconomic challenges and growing systemic risks. Progress in achieving sustainable development in its economic, social and environmental dimensions is severely off track. We are running out of time to achieve our goals and to address the adverse impacts of climate change. Despite significant efforts by the international community to respond to recent multiple interlinked global challenges, the gap between our sustainable development aspirations and financing to meet them has continued to widen, particularly in developing countries reaching an estimated \$4 trillion annually. *-co-facilitators text*
5. We cannot afford a retreat from multilateral cooperation. These global challenges far exceed the capacity of any single state to respond. To address them, we reaffirm our continued and strong commitment to multilateralism, international cooperation, a rules-based international system, and global solidarity based on mutual respect and collective action. *-co-facilitators text*
6. We decide to launch an ambitious package of reforms and actions to close this financing gap with urgency, and catalyze sustainable development investments at scale. We will take concrete actions to enhance fiscal space, address debt challenges of developing countries and lower the cost of capital. We will provide and mobilize additional, innovative, adequate, affordable, predictable, and accessible financing from all sources, recognizing the comparative advantages of public and private finance. *-co-facilitators text*
7. We commit to continued reform of the international financial architecture, enhancing its resilience, coherence and effectiveness in responding to present and future challenges and crises. To better reflect today's realities, we commit to make global economic governance more inclusive, representative, equitable, and effective. We will strengthen the roles of the United





Programa oficial

- Apertura
- Sesiones plenarias
- Mesas redondas temáticas
- Clausura

Plataforma de Acción de Sevilla

Presentación de **iniciativas concretas y ambiciosas** que aborden desafíos para la consecución del desarrollo sostenible.

Eventos paralelos y especiales

Más de **300 eventos** en que se debatirá sobre financiación al desarrollo, compartiendo conocimientos y soluciones.

Foro empresarial internacional

Representantes de los países y líderes empresariales buscarán **impulsar soluciones** que atraigan financiación privada para el desarrollo sostenible.

Foro de la sociedad civil

El 28 y 29 de junio, los actores de sociedad civil debatirán sobre su **participación en la consecución del desarrollo sostenible** y propondrán iniciativas.





LA VOZ DE LA IGLESIA – EL REPORTE DE LA COMISIÓN DEL JUBILEO . ACADEMIA CIENCIAS SOCIALES



La **Comisión del Jubileo** propone soluciones prácticas basadas en principios claros:

1. No permitir transferencias financieras netas desde países sobreendeudados hacia acreedores. *(Instrumentos)*
2. Implementar reestructuraciones de deuda profundas y oportunas para asegurar sostenibilidad real. *(Instrumentos)*
3. Evitar rescates privados financiados por instituciones multilaterales, como el FMI. *(Instrumentos)*
4. Promover la inversión pública estratégica a largo plazo, orientada hacia un desarrollo sostenible y justo. *(Instrumentos)*
5. Crear mecanismos internacionales transparentes y equitativos de resolución de crisis de deuda soberana. *(Instrumentos)*
6. Promover un cambio hacia una arquitectura financiera internacional que apoye un desarrollo inclusivo y sostenible, alineado con los Objetivos de Desarrollo Sostenible (ODS). *(Instituciones)*

La transformación propuesta busca garantizar que la economía global sirva a todas las personas, especialmente a las más vulnerables, construyendo una sociedad basada en la fraternidad, la justicia económica y la solidaridad global.

 The Pontifical Academy of Social Sciences

El Reporte del Jubileo:

Un plan para abordar las crisis de deuda y desarrollo y construir una economía global sostenible centrada en las personas

Iniciativa propuesta por el Papa Francisco



¡Muchas gracias!

